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Application No.: 10/084,833 Docket No.: P02917US8 (AKA ORYXENG.028A)

#### **REMARKS**

Currently pending in this application are claims 25-50, 52-60, 62-77 which were submitted with the response filed February 28, 2004. Claims 1-24 were canceled in a prior response and Claims 51, 61 and 78 are canceled in this response.

Claims 32, 38, 49, 59, 66 and 76 have been amended to change the term "diluent" to solvent. The term solvent appears in the specification at paragraph 0124. The claims have also been amended to depend directly from the preceding independent claim

Claims 52, 62 and 70 have been amended to change addition to additive correcting an obvious typographical error.

Claims 34 and 62 have been amended to delete caster oil from the Markush group that defines the thermal stabilizer.

Claim 33 has been amended to depend from claim 25.

The examiner has rejected claims 32, 38, 49, 59, 66 and 76 under 35 U.S.C. §112, first paragraph as failing to comply with the written description requirement. Specifically the examiner noted that the specification did not support defining certain compounds recited in the claims as "diluents when the specification defined them as solvents. The claims have been amended to define the compounds as solvents and to change their dependency to the preceding independent claim.

The examiner next rejected claims 28, 33, 45, 46, 51, 52, 55, 56, 61, 62, 70, 72, 73 and 78 under 35 U.S.C. §112 as indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which the applicant regards as the invention.

The examiner rejected claims 28, 45, 55, and 72 on the grounds that the examiner did not see the distinction between the plant oil extracts derived from grain and the vegetable and nut plant oils. The examiner stated the opinion that vegetables and nuts are also grains. Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection. As defined by Webster's, a grain is a seed of fruit from a cereal or grass. Merriam-Webster's Collegiate Dictionary, p. 543 (11<sup>th</sup> Ed. 2003) (attached). A vegetable on the other hand is a herbaceous plant and a nut is a hard shell dry

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fruit or seed. Id at 853, 1386. While all of these are plants, they are different varieties and the differences in the oil extracts and oils would be apparent to one skilled in the art. In addition, plant oil extracts are generally obtained from chlorophyll containing parts of the plant (see, e.g. paragraphs 59 and 60), whereas vegetable oils are generally extracted from the seed, nut or fruit (see, e.g., paragraphs 75 and 76). Thus, applicant respectfully submits that the two groups of materials are distinct the claims are not indefinite.

The examiner rejected claims 46 and 51 as substantial duplicates. Claim 51 has been canceled rendering the rejection moot.

The examiner rejected claims 52, 62 and 72 noting that the term "addition" should read "additive." The claims have been amended to change the term "addition" to "additive".

The examiner rejected claims 56 and 61 as substantial duplicates. Claim 61 has been canceled rendering the rejection moot.

The examiner rejected claims 73 and 78 as substantial duplicates. Claim 78 has been canceled rendering he rejection moot.

The examiner has rejected claims 34, 37-40, 62 and 65-68 under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as anticipated by U.S. Patent 5,862,369 to Jordan. The examiner noted that Jordan teaches a fuel composition that contains beta-carotene (carotenoid), chlorophyll (hydrophobic plant extract) and ethoxylated castor oil (thermal stabilizer) as well as cetane improvers. The composition may be diluted with various solvents including gasoline, toluene, diesel fuel and alcohols. Applicants respectfully submit that the claims as amended are not anticipated by Jordan.

As noted above, the Markush group in claims 34 and 62 that define the thermal stabilizer does not include castor oil. None of the other oils recited in the claims are taught or recited in Jordan. Thus Jordan can not anticipate the claims. Claims 37-40 depend from claim 34 and claims 65-68 depend fro claim 62. Since Jordan does not anticipate the independent claims it can not anticipate the dependent claims.

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### **CONCLUSIONS**

Applicant submits that the pending claims are free of the art and are in condition for allowance.

Applicant believes there is no fee due with this response. However, if fees are due, please charge our Deposit Account No. 06-2375, under Order No. P02917US8 (AKA ORYXE.028A) from which the undersigned is authorized to draw.

Dated: June 28, 2004

Respectfully submitted

John E. Schneider

Registration No.: 31,998

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Attorney for Applicant

## Merriam-Webster's Collegiate<sup>®</sup> Dictionary

### ELEVENTH EDITION

Merriam-Webster, Incorporated Springfield, Massachusetts, U.S.A.

\*graffiti n [it, pl. of graffito] (1945): usu. unauthorized writing or drawing on a public surface
insage Graffiti, which also serves as the plural of graffito, is commonly
usage Graffiti, which also serves as the plural of graffiti. usage Grafiti, which also serves as the plural of grafito, is commonly used as a singular mass noun (graffiti... was depressing people who node the subways—New Yorker) (graffiti comes in various styles—S. K. Oberbeck). This use is well established although not yet as well established as the mass-noun use of data. The of mass-noun use of data.

K Oberbeck). This use is well established although not yet as well established as the mass-noun use of data. Use of graffit as a singular count noun is still quite rare and is not standard.

graffito \gra-fe-(1)to, gra-, gra-\frac{1}{2}, n, pl-tl flt, incised inscription, fr. graffiare to scratch, prob. fr. grafio stylus, fr. L graphium] (1851): an inscription or drawing made on some public surface (as a rock or wall); alto a message or slogan written as or as if as a graffito — graf-fi-tist

mi

В-

Þ, or or also: a message or slogan written as or as it as a graft Asso: a message or slogan written as or as it as a graft Yfotist'n [ME grafte, grafte, fr. AF greffe, grafte stylus, graph, fr. ML graphium, fr. L, stylus, fr. Gk grapheion, fr. graphein to write — more at CARVE] (14c) 1 a: a grafted plant b: SCION I. c. the point of insertion of a scion upon a stock 2 a: the act of grafting b: something grafted; specif: living itsue used in grafting grafted (a scion) to unite with a stock; also: to unite (plants or scion and stock) to form a graft b: to propagate (a plant) by grafting 2a: to join or unite as if by grafting b: to attach (a chemical unit) to a main molecular chain 3: to implant (living tissue) surgically ~ wi 1: to become grafted 2: to perform grafting — grafter r n graft n [B dial. graft, vb., to work] (1853) chiefly Brit. SORK, LABOR

where the property of the prop

gram-l-cl-din \gra-mo-'si-d'n\ n [gram-positive + ·l· + ·cide + ¹-in] (1940): any of several toxic crystalline polypeptide antibiotics produced by a soll bacterium (Bacillus brevis) and used against grampositive bacteria in local infections
gra-min-e-ous \gra-mo-'n-in-ic-)-ras\ adj [L gramin-, gramen, gramen]
grams] (ca. 1658): of or relating to a grass
gram-inlv-o-rous \gra-mo-'n-in-v(-)-ras\ adj [L gramin-, gramen] (1739)
:feeding on grass or the seeds of grass (~ locusts) (~ birds)
gram-mar \'gra-mor\ n [MB gramere, fr. AF gramatie, modif of L
grammatica, fr. Gis grammatike, fr. fem. of grammatikes of letters, fr.
grammati-gramma — more at Gram] (14c) 1 a: the study of the
the sentence b: a study of what is to be preferred and what avoided
in inflection and syntax 2 a: the characteristic system of inflections
and syntax of a language b: a system of rules that defines the grammatical structure of a language 3 a: a grammar textbook b: speech
or writing evaluated according to its conformity to grammatical rules
of the principles or rules of an art, science, or technique (a ~ of the
theater); also: a set of such principles or rules — gram-mar-i-an \gra'mer-è-on' n
grammar school n (14c) 1 a: a secondary school emphasizing Latin

mer-è-on\n
grammar school n (14c) 1 a : a secondary school emphasizing Latin
grammar school n (14c) 1 a : a secondary school emphasizing Latin
and Greek in preparation for college b : a British college preparatory
school 2 : a school intermediate between primary school and high
school 3: BLEMBNTARY SCHOOL
gram-mati-ical\gram-mati-ical

molecule

Gram-my \'gra-m\(\tilde{\text{l}}\) service mark — used for the annual presentation of a statuette for notable achievement in the recording industry

gram-neg-a-tive \'gram-'ne-g-tiv\ adj (1907): not holding the purple dye when stained by Gram's stain — used chiefly of bacteria

gram-o-phone \'gra-m-1\(\tilde{\text{l}}\) n [fr. Gramophone, a trademark] (1887)

: PHONOGRAPH

grain-o-phone \gra-m-phon\n m. Grampphone, a transmal (1007)
: PHONOGRAPH
gramps \gram(p)s\ or gramp \gramp\ n, pl gramps [by shortening & alter.] (ca. 1900): GRANDFATHER 1a
gram-pos-l-tive \gram-\pa\_z-div, -p\(\frac{p}{2}z-div\) adj (1907): holding the purple dye when stained by Gram's stain — used chiefly of bacteria gram-pus \gram-pus \gram-

style) 6 8: pretending to social superiority: SUPERCILIOUS b: intended to impress (a person of ~ gestures) 7: very good: WONDER-FUL. (a ~ time) — grand-ly \( \text{'gran-(d)} \) adv — grand-ness \( \text{'gran-(d)} \) grand-ly \( \text{'gran-(d)} \) adv — grand-ness \( \text{'gran-(d)} \) grand-ly \( \text{'gran-(d)} \) grand-ly \( \text{'gran-(d)} \) grand-ness of size the implications of handsomeness and dignity (a grand staircase). MAG-NIFICENT implies an impressive largeness proportionate to scale without sacrifice of dignity or good taste (magnificent paintings). IMPOS-ING implies great size and dignity but esp. stresses impressiveness (a imposing edifice). STATELY may suggest poised dignity, erectness of bearing, handsomeness of proportions, ceremonious deliberation of movement (the stately procession). MAJESTIC combines the implications of IMPOSING and STATELY and usu. adds a suggestion of solemn grandeur (a majestic waterfall). GRANDIOSE implies a size or scope exceeding ordinary experience (grandiose hydroelectric projects) but is most commonly applied derogatorily to inflated pretension or absurd and (1840) 1: GRAND PIANO 2 pi grand slang: a thousand dollars

| \o\ abut \% kitten, F table \or\ further \a\ ash \a\ ace \a\ mop, mar \au\out \ch\chin \c\ bet \E\ easy \g\ go \l\ hit \l\ tce \l\ Job \y\ yet \zh\ vision, beige \k, n, \omega, ue, \gamma see Guide to Pronunciation



chaku [Jp dial. (Okinawa)] (1970): a weapon that consists of two

archin and the hand the second of the highest rank permanently accorded to a civil soverment. The highest rank permanently accorded to a civil soverment accorded to a civil soverment accorded to a civil soverment muscle (1528). The solice of the highest rank permanently accorded to a civil soverment solice (1528) a papal legate of the highest rank permanently accorded to a civil soverment solice (1528) and the civil solice (1

rate kurl-stani \nur-o-'stā-nē, "nyūr-\ n [Nuristan, Afghanistan] (1951) 1 : a member of a group of peoples of the Hindu Kush in northeastern Afghanistan 2: the family of languages spoken by the Nuristanis that constitutes a distinct branch of Indo-Iranian

is member of a group of peoples of the Hindu Kush in northeastern Afghanistan 2: the family of languages spoken by the Nuristanis that constitutes a distinct branch of Indo-Iranian India (Indo-Iranian) india (Indo-Irani

mory school n (1835): a school for children usu, under five years murse's aide n (1943): a worker who assists trained nurses in a hospital by performing unspecialized services (as giving baths) nurse shark n [aiter, of nusse] (1851): any of various sharks (as family dinglymostomatidae); esp: a shark (Ginglymostoma cirratum) of warm waters

waters mursing n (1860) 1: the profession of a nurse (schools of  $\sim$ ) 2: the duties of a nurse (proper  $\sim$  is difficult work) cursing home n (1896): a privately operated establishment providing maintenance and personal or nursing care for persons (as the aged or the chronically ill) who are unable to care for themselves properly nurs-ling (hors-lin) n (1557) 1: one that is solicitously cared for 2: a nursing child nursurance \( \text{Non-cho-can}(18) \) n (ca. 1938): affectionate care and at-

is nursing child murtur-ant \rank (as) 1: one that is solicitously cared for 2 is nursing child murtur-ance \nor-cho-ron(t)s\ n (ca. 1938): affectionate care and attention—nur-tur-ant \rank adi murtur-ance \nor-cho-ron(t)s\ n (ca. 1938): affectionate care and attention—nur-tur-ant \rank adi murture, fr. AF nureture, fr. LL nurhing act of nursing, fr. L nuritus, pp. of nurire to suckle, nourish—more at NOURISH (146) 1: TRAINING, UPBRINGING 2: something that nourishes: FOOD 3: the sum of the environmental factors influencing the behavior and traits expressed by an organism nurture n nur-tured; nur-tur-ing \nor-cho-(15c) 1: to supply with nourishment 2: EDUCATE 3: to further the development of: FOSTER—nur-tur-er \nor-cho-ror\ n mut \not from the murtur nur-tur-er \nor-cho-ror\ n mut \not from the mut, note, fr. OE hnutu; akin to OHG nuz nut and perh. to L nux nut] (bef. 12c) 1 a (1): a hard-shelled dry fruit or seed with a separable rind or shell and interior kernel (2): the kernel of a mt b: a dry indehiscent one-seeded fruit with a woody pericarp 2 a is hard problem or undertaking b: CORE, HEART 3: a perforated

block usu. of metal that has an internal screw thread and is used on a bolt or screw for tightening or holding something 4: the ridge in a stringed instrument (as a violin) over which the strings pass on the upper end of the fingerboard 5: a small hump (as of butter) 6 a: a foolish, eccentric, or crazy person b: ENTHUSLAST (a movie ~> 7pi: NONSENSE — often used interjectionally 8 stang: a person's head 9 usu vulgar: TESTIS 10: the amount of money that must be earned in order to break even 11: EN 1 — nut-like \\_iik\ adj \\_inut-titled; nut-ting (1604): to gather or seek nuts nu-tated \nu-tation (1604): to gather or seek nuts nu-tated \nu-tation \nu-tatio

undergo nutation nutation. The tast of a rotation in the tast of nutation in the tast of nutation. The tast of nutation in the tast of nutation in the head 2: oscillatory movement of the axis of a rotating body (as the earth): WOBBLE 3: a spontaneous usu. spiral movement of a growing plant part—nutation all sinol, sho-n'n adi nut-brown hast-braum adi (14c): of the color of a brown nut nut-case -kksin (1959): Nut 6a nut-cracker -kksin (ca. 1548): an implement for cracking nuts nut-gall -logon n (15c): a gall that resembles a nut; exp: such a gall produced on oaks

nut-gall \-gol\ n (15c): a gall that resembles a nut; esp: such a gall produced on oaks, nut grass n (1775): a perennial sedge (Cyperus rotundus) of wide distribution that has slender rootstocks bearing small edible tubers resembling nuts; also: a related sedge (C, esculentus) nut-hatch \nist-hach\ n [MB notehache, fr. note nut + hache; akin to OB tohacchan to hack—more at HACK I (14c): any of various small tree-climbing chiefly insectivorous birds (family Sittidae and esp. genus Sitta) that have a compact body, a narrow bill, a short tail, and sometimes a black cap nut-house \nist-hats\ n (1900) slang: a mental hospital

mental hospital nut-let \not-let\n (1856) 1 a : a small nut b : a small fruit similar to a nut 2 : the stone of a drupelet

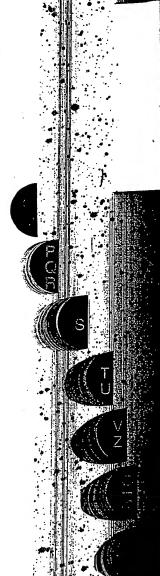
of a drupelet
nut-meg \nst-meg, -māg\n [ME notemigge,
notemuge, ultim fr. Old Occitan noz muscada, fr. noz nut (fr. L nuc-, nux) + muscada,
fem. of muscat musky — more at MUSCAT]
(15c) 1: an aromatic seed produced by an
evergreen tree (Myristica fragrans of the family Myristicaceae, the nutmeg family) native to the Moluccas; also: the ground seed used as a
spice — compare MACB 2 2: a tree yielding nutmeg
nut-pick \notemath{\text{not}-pik\n (1862): a small sharp-pointed implement for extracting the kernels from nuts
nu-tra-ceu-ti-cal also nu-tri-ceu-ti-cal \nū-tra-'sū-ti-kəl\n [nutritive
+ 'pharmaceutical] (1990): a foodstuff (as a fortified food or dietary
supplement) that provides health benefits in addition to its basic nutritional value

\*pharmaceutical also nutriti-equitions of the provides health benefits in addition to its basic nutritional value

\*nu-tria \n\u00fc-t\u00fc-\u00e3-\u00e3-\u00e3\u00e3-\u

\o\abut \%\kitten, F table \or\ further \a\ ash \a\ace \a\ mop, mar \ad\out \ch\chin \c\ bet \E\ easy \g\ go \l\ hit \l\ ice \l\ job \n\sing \o\go \o\law \oi\boy \th\ thin \th\ the \u\law \oi\ foot \y\ yet \zh\ vision, beige \k, ", ce, w, \tau, see Guide to Pronunciation





ve-da-lla \vi-dal-yo\ n [NL, genus name] (1889): an Australian lady-bug (Rodolla cardinalis) introduced to many countries to control scale insects — called also wedalia beetle

%-dan-ta \vi-dain-ta, vi-, -dan-\ n [Skt Vedanta, lit., end of the Veda, fr. Veda + anta end; akin to OB ende end] (1788): an orthodox system of Hindu philosophy developing esp. in a qualified monism the speculations of the Upanishads on ultimate reality and the liberation of the soul — Ve-dan-tism \-\dan-ti-zm, -\dan-\ n — Ve-dan-tist \-\dan-ti-zm, -\dan-\ n = Ve-dan-tist \-\dan-ti-zm, -\dan-\ n = Ve-dan-tist \-\dan-ti-zm, -\dan-\ n = Ve-dan-tist \-\dan-ti-zm, -\dan-ti-zm, -\dan-t

soul.— Ve-dan-tism \-dain-ti-zem, -dan-\ n — Ve-dan-tist \-dain-\ n \
We-dan-\ n \
Wed-\ n \
We

tioned in advance of pickets /e-dic \va-dik\ adj (1848): of or relating to the Vedas, the language in which they are written, or Hindu, history and culture between 1500 B.C.

\'ve\ n (ca. 1883) 1: something shaped like the letter V 2: the

letter v veo-jay vveo-jay veo-jay vveo-jay vveo-jay vveo-jay veo-jay vveo-jay vveo-j

passivity)

vegetable n (15c) 1: PLANT 1b 2: a usu. herbaceous plant (as the cabbage, bean, or potato) grown for an edible part that is usu. eaten as part of a meal; dso: such an edible part 3: a person whose mental and physical functioning is severely impaired and esp. one who requires supportive measures (as mechanical ventilation) to survive vegetable lyory n (1842) 1: the hard white opaque endosperm of the tyory nut that takes a high polish and is used as a substitute for tyory

fvory nut that takes a high polish and is used as a substitute for tvory 2: IVONY NUT.

vegetable marrow n (ca. 1816) chiefly Bril: any of various smooth-skinned clongated summer squashes with creamy-white to deep green

vegetable oil n (1765); an oil of plant origin; esp: a fatty oil from

vegetable over n (ca. 1818): SALSIFY
vegetable over n (ca. 1818): SALSIFY
vegetable pear n (1887): CHAYOTE
vegetable wax n (1815): a wax of plant origin secreted commonly in
thin flakes by the walls of epidermal cells
veg-e-ta-bly \( \text{vej-ta-ble}, \text{ ve-ja-\} adv \) or adj (1651): in the manner of or

Vege-tably (ve) and [ML vegetare to grow] (15c) 1: VEGETABLE 2: VEGETATUE 3; of or relating to the vegetal pole of an egg or to that part of an egg from which the endoderm normally develops (~

blastomeres)
vegetal pole n (1896): the point on the surface of an egg that is diametrically opposite to the animal pole and usu marks the center of the protoplasm containing more yolk—see BLASTULA illustration
vege-tarl-lan \(\text{ve}\)-2-ter-\(\text{c-on}\)\(n\) Fugetable + \(\text{-arian}\)\(1839\)\(1\): one who believes in or practices vegetarlans 2: Herrivorse who believes in or practices vegetarlans 2: consisting wholly of vegetables, fruits, grains, nuts, and sometimes eggs or dairy products (a \( \text{-def}\)\(1839\)\(1\): of or relating to vegetarlans 2: consisting wholly of vegetables, fruits, grains, nuts, and sometimes eggs or dairy products (a \( \text{-def}\)\(1839\)\(1\): one of living on a vegetarlan diet
veg-tarl-lan-lsm \(\text{-d-o-ni-zom}\)\(n\)\(1839\)\(1\): the theory or practice of living on a vegetarlan diet
veg-tate \(\text{-ve-j--fait}\)\(v\)\(\text{-dat-def}\)\(1839\)\

on veg-e-ta-tion \ve-j-\*tā-shən\ n (1564) 1: the act or process of vegetating 2: inert existence 3: plant life or total plant cover (as of an area) 4: an abnormal growth upon a body part (fibrin ~ on the mitral valve) — veg-e-ta-tion-all \dnot, -he-n\ ad \dd \vec-ta-tiv\ ad \text{(140}... 1 a (1): growing or flaving the power of growing (2): of, relating to; or engaged in nutritive and growth functions: as pontrasted with reproductive functions (a ~ nucleus) b: promoting plant growth (the ~ properties of soil) 0: of, relating to, or involving propagation by nonsexual processes or methods 2: relating to, composed of, or suggesting vegetation 3: of or

relating to the division of nature comprising the plant kingdom 4.a : AUTONOMIC 1 b: characterized by, resulting from, or being a size of severe mental impairment in which only involuntary bodily functions are sustained b: VEGETABLE 3 — Veg-e-ta-live-ly adv — Vege-ta-tive-ness x

ve-gete \vo-jet\ adj [L vegetus — more at VEGETABLE] (1639) archaic : LIVELY, HEALTHY

: LIVELY, HEALTHY

veg-gle also veg-le\ve-je\n [by shortening & alter] (1955)

1: Veg'

BTABLE 2 slang: YEGETARIAN

veggle burger n (1972): a patty chiefly of vegetable-derived protein

used as a meat substitute; also: a sandwich containing such a patty

veg out [vej-v v vegged out; veg-ging out [short for vegetate]

(1980): to spend time idly or passively

ve-he-mente = Vve--man(t)s\n (15c): the quality or state of being ve
he-ment: INTENSITY

hement: INTENSITY

hement: INTENSITY
ve-he-ment \ve-e-ment\ adj [MB, fr. MF, fr. L wehement-, vehement,
wement-, vemens] (15c): marked by forceful energy: POWERFUL (awind): as a: intensely emotional: IMPASSIONED, FERVID (~ particitism) b(1): deeply felt (a ~ suspicion) (2): forcibly expressed (denunciations) c: bitterly antagonistic (a ~ debate) — vehicement-ku adv

wind): as a : intensely emotional : INPASSIONED, FERVID (~ particism) b (1): deeply felt (a~suspicion) (2): forcibly expressed (~ denunciations) c : bitterly antagonistic (a~ debate) ~ ve-themeter of central participations (a) and batter of central participations (a) and central participati or quality: STRAIN (introduced a welcome ~ of humor) C: a line of thought or action (renewed discussion along the same ~) 6 a: a special aptitude (inherited an artistic ~) b: a usu, transitory and casually attained mood C: top form (thou troublest me; I am not in the ~)—Shak.) — veln•al 'vān°l' adj

veln v' (1502): to pattern with or as if with veins velned (vānd) adj (ca. 1529): patterned with or as if with veins: having venation: sTREAKED (a ~ leaf) (~ marble) (~ cheese) veln•er 'vā-nər\ n (1895): a small V gouge used in wood carving veln•lng 'vā-nin\ n (1826): a pattern of veins: VENATION veln•le 'vān-lot' n (1831): a small vein veln•le 'vān-lot' n (1831): a small vein veln•le 'vān-lot' n (1831): a small vein veln•le 'vān-lot' adj (1611): full of veins: noticeably veined (~ hands) vel abbr velocity

ve-la·men 'və-la-mən\ n, pl ve-lam-l·na \-la-mə-nə\ [NL, fr. L, covering, fr. velare to cover, fr. velare curtain] (1882): the thick corky epidermis of aerial roots of an epiphytic orchid that absorbs water from the atmosphere

the atmosphere

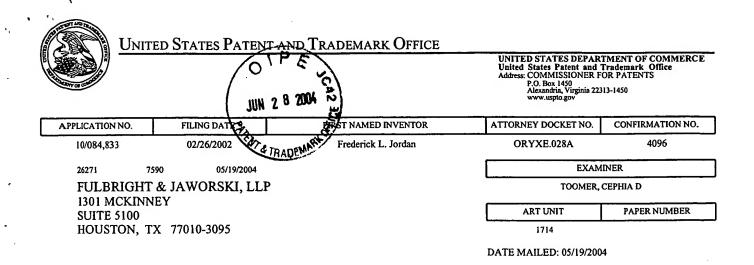
ve-lar \'ve-lor\ adj [NL velaris, fr. velum] (1876) 1: formed with the
back of the tongue touching or near the soft palate (the ~ \k\ of \'k\fl\]

cool) 2: of forming, or relating to a velum and esp. the soft palate 
velar n

velar n
ve-lari-i-um \vi-ler-ë-om\ n, pi -la \-o-\ [L, fr. velum curtain] (1834)
: an awning over an ancient Roman theater or amphitheater
ve-lar-i-za-tion \vē-la-ra-zā-shən\ n (1915) 1: the quality or state of
being velarized 2: an act or instance of velarizing
ve-lar-i-ze \vi-la-riz\ vi-lzed; -tz-ing (1915): to modify (as the \vi\of\
\pull pool) by a simultaneous velar articulation
Vel-cro \vel-q\kr\si\ trademark — used for a closure consisting of a
place of fabric of small hocks that state to a monarching fabric of

Vel-cro \vel-(\_)kro\ trademark — used for a closure consisting of a piece of fabric of small hooks that sticks to a corresponding fabric of small loops veld or veldt \velt, 'felt\ n [Afrik weld, fr. D, field; akin to OB feld field] (1835): a grassland esp. of southern Africa usu. with scattered shrubs or trees

or trees
ve-li-ger \ve-la-jer, \ve-\ n [NL, fr. velum + -ger bearing, fr. gerere to
bear] (1877): a larval mollusk in the stage when it has developed the vel·lei-lty \ve-'l\u00e3-c\u00e3, ve-\u00e3, pl tles [NL velleitas, fr. L velle to wish, will — more at will.] (1618) 1: the lowest degree of volition 2: s slight wish or tendency: INCLINATION



Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Received

MAY 2 1 2004

Docker: PG2950USG

Cilent: On Xe Attorney: TES

OIPE							
(2)	Applica	tion No.	Applicant(s)				
JUN 2 8 2004 2	10/084,	833	JORDAN, FREDER	RICK L.			
Office Action Summary	Examin	er	Art Unit				
MADEMAR		D. Toomer	1714	-1			
The MAILING DATE of this comm	unication appears on t	ne cover sneet with the c	orrespondence add	aress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisic after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this co  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for re Any reply received by the Office later than three month earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	INICATION. ons of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no mmunication. ( (30) days, a reply within the s a tatutory period will apply anc ply will, by statute, cause the a as after the mailing date of this	event, however, may a reply be tin tatutory minimum of thirty (30) day will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from polication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	r. Immunication.			
Status							
<ol> <li>Responsive to communication(s)</li> <li>This action is FINAL.</li> <li>Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the practice.</li> </ol>	2b)⊡ This action is on for allowance exce	non-final. pt for formal matters, pro		merits is			
Disposition of Claims							
•	ne annlication						
• '	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>25-78</u> is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) <u>25-27,29-31,43,44,47,48</u>							
6) Claim(s) 28,32-34,37-40,45,46,49	,51,52,55,56,59,61,6	2,65-68,70,72,73,76 and	78 is/are rejected				
7) Claim(s) <u>35,36,41,42,53,54,57,58</u>	<u>,60,63,64,69,71,74,7</u> 5	5 and 77 is/are objected	to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to res	riction and/or election	requirement.					
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/a		b) objected to by the	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any of							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) includ	ing the correction is req	uired if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CF	R 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner.	Note the attached Office	Action or form PT	O-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a clai a) All b) Some * c) None of	:		)-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priori							
2. Certified copies of the priori	•						
3. Copies of the certified copie			ed in this National	Stage			
application from the Interna			ا				
* See the attached detailed Office ac	tion for a list of the ce	runea copies not receive	<b>2</b> 0.				
			,				
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary					
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>11/03</u>.</li> </ol>		Paper No(s)/Mail D: 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO	)-152)			
S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)	Office Action Sumi	mary	Part of Paper No./Mail	Date 051504			

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Application/Control Number: 10/084,833

Art Unit: 1714

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

This Office action is in response to the amendment filed February 26, 2004 in which claims 1-24 were canceled and claims 25-78 were added. The Double Patenting rejection is withdrawn in view of the Terminal Disclaimer.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 2. Claims 32, 38, 49, 59, 66, 76 and their dependents are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The original filed specification and claims, claim 10 for instance, do not support benzene, o-xylene, m-xylene, p-xylene, cyclohexane, hexane, octanes, nonane, 2-cycle oil, gasoline and resid fuel as a diluent for the additive composition. The specification teaches that these compounds are used as solvents.
- 3. Claims 28, 33, 45, 46, 51, 52, 55, 56, 61, 62, 70, 72, 73, 78 and their dependents are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

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Claims 28, 45, 55 and 72 are rejected because it is not clear how the vegetable oil and nut oil thermal stabilizers differ from the plant oil extract derived from grain.

Vegetables and nuts are also grains.

Claims 46 and 51 are substantial duplicates.

In claims 52, 62 and 70, "addition" should read – additive --.

Claims 56 and 61 are substantial duplicates.

Claims 73 and 78 are substantial duplicates.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 5. Claims 34, 37-40, 62 and 65-68 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Jordan (US 5,826,369).

Jordan teaches a carbonaceous fuel composition comprising a fuel additive of beta-carotene (carotenoid), chlorophyll (hydrophobic plant extract), ethoxylated castor oil (thermal stabilizer) and cetane improvers (see abstract; col. 2, lines 11-22). The carbonaceous fuel may be any fuel including gasoline, diesel fuel, heavy fuel oil (resid), etc. (see col. 2, lines 23-43). The fuel additive may be diluted with a solvent such as gasoline, toluene, diesel fuel and alcohols (see col. 2, line 60 through col. 3, lines 1-6).

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Jordan teaches that the ethoxylated castor oil provides enhanced combustion characteristics and reductions in pollutant emissions.

Accordingly, Jordan teaching all the limitations of the claims anticipates the claims.

- 6. Claims 25-27, 29-31, 43-44, 47, 48 and 50 are allowed. The prior art fails to teach or suggest the additive combination of a plant oil extract derived from grain, a carotenoid and a thermal stabilizer.
- 7. Claims 35,, 36, 41-42, 53, 54, 57-58, 60, 63-64, 69, 71, 74, 75 and 77 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The prior art fails to teach or suggest that the plant oil extract is derived from a member of the Leguminosae family or grain.
- 8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cephia D. Toomer whose telephone number is 571-272-1126. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on 571-272-1119. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Cephia D. Toomer Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1714

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U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS								
EXAMINER INITIAL		DOCUMENT NUMBER	DATE	NAME	CLASS	SUBCLASS	FILING DATE (IF APPROPRIATE)	
COI	1	2,582,192	01/08/52	Denison				
007	2	4,208,190	06/17/80	Malec				

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS								
EXAMINER	DOCUMENT NUMBER	DATE	COUNTRY	CLASS	SUBCLASS	TRANSLATION		
INITIAL							YES	NO
CBI	3	. EP 0457589 A1	11/21/91	Europe				

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EXAMINER

DATE CONSIDERED

\*EXAMINER: INITIAL IF CITATION CONSIDERED, WHETHER OR NOT CITATION IS IN CONFORMANCE WITH MPEP 609; DRAW LINE THROUGH CITATION IF NOT IN CONFORMANCE AND NOT CONSIDERED, INCLUDE COPY OF THIS FORM WITH NEXT COMMUNICATION TO APPLICANT.